



**MAJLIS PENGETUA SEKOLAH MALAYSIA  
NEGERI SEMBILAN**

<https://cikguadura.wordpress.com/>

**PROGRAM PENINGKATAN AKADEMIK TINGKATAN 5  
SEKOLAH-SEKOLAH MENENGAH NEGERI SEMBILAN  
2019**

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**CHEMISTRY 4541**

**PERATURAN PEMARKAHAN**

**KERTAS 1, 2 DAN 3**

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**UNTUK KEGUNAAN PEMERIKSA SAHAJA**

**AMARAN**

Peraturan pemarkahan ini **SULIT** dan **Hak Cipta MPSM NSDK**.

Kegunaannya khusus untuk pemeriksa yang berkenaan sahaja. Sebarang maklumat dalam peraturan pemarkahan ini tidak boleh dimaklumkan kepada sesiapa. Peraturan pemarkahan ini tidak boleh dikeluarkan dalam bentuk apa jua bentuk media.



**MAJLIS PENGETUA SEKOLAH MENENGAH MALAYSIA  
CAWANGAN NEGERI SEMBILAN**

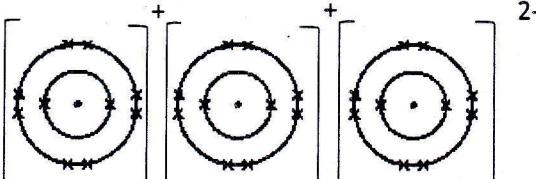
**PEPERIKSAAN PERCUBAAN BERSAMA  
SIJIL PELAJARAN MALAYSIA 2019  
CHEMISTRY KERTAS 1**

No.	Key	No.	Key
1	A	26	D
2	B	27	C
3	A	28	D
4	B	29	D
5	D	30	A
6	C	31	B
7	A	32	A
8	C	33	A
9	C	34	A
10	B	35	B
11	B	36	D
12	D	37	A
13	A	38	B
14	C	39	C
15	B	40	A
16	B	41	C
17	D	42	C
18	A	43	C
19	B	44	D
20	C	45	B
21	D	46	D
22	B	47	D
23	D	48	D
24	B	49	C
25	C	50	A

A	12
B	13
C	12
D	13

**CHEMISTRY KERTAS 2**

No.	https://cikguadura.wordpress.com/ <b>Mark Scheme</b>	Mark	Total mark
1(a)(i)	<i>Able to state number of valence electrons of sodium correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> 1	1	
(a)(ii)	<i>Able to state number of shells filled with electrons correctly</i> <u>Answer:</u> 3	1	
(a)(iii)	<i>Able to state the property of sodium oxide</i> <u>Answer:</u> Basic <i>Bersifat bas</i>	1	3
(b)(i)	<i>Able to state the use of argon correctly</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u> Gas in the light bulb// Provide inert atmosphere during welding <i>Gas dalam mentol //</i> <i>Menyediakan atmosfera lengai semasa pengimpalan</i>	1	1
(b)(ii)	<i>Able to give a reason why argon is chemically inert correctly</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u> Atom has octet electron arrangement <i>Atom mempunyai susunan elektron oktet</i>	1	1
(c)(i)	<i>Able to name of the group for chlorine in Periodic Table of Element correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> Halogen	1	1
(c)(ii)	<i>Able to state the chemical formula for chlorine correctly</i> <u>Answer:</u> $\text{Cl}_2$	1	1
(c)(iii)	<i>Able to explain the answer correctly</i> <u>Sample answers:</u> 1. Chlorine has more proton 2. the attraction force between the nucleus and valence electron is stronger 1. <i>Klorin mempunyai lebih banyak proton</i> 2. <i>daya tarikan antara nukleus dengan elektron valens lebih kuat</i>	1 1	2
		<b>Total</b>	<b>9</b>

No.	Mark scheme	Mark	Total Mark
2 (a)	<i>Able to state the meaning of nucleon number correctly</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u> Total number of proton and neutron in the an atom <i>Jumlah bilangan proton dan neutron di dalam sesuatu atom</i>	1	1
(b)	<i>Able to write the electron arrangement correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> 2.4 / 2,4	1	1
(c)	<i>Able to state the number of electron correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> 10	1	1
(d)	<i>Able to state the period of element R correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> Period 3 <i>Kala 3</i>	1	1
(e)(i)	<i>Able to identify the isotopes correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> R and S <i>R dan S</i>	1	1
(e)(ii)	<i>Able to give a reason correctly</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u> Same proton number/number of proton but different nucleon number/number of neutron <i>Nombor/Bilangan proton yang sama tetapi berbeza nombor nukleon/bilangan neutron</i>	1	1
(f)(i)	<i>Able to state the type of bond correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> Ionic bond <i>Ikatan ion</i>	1	1
(f)(ii)	<i>Able to draw the arrangement of electrons in the compound formed correctly</i>   Sodium ion      Sodium ion      Oxide ion 1. Correct number of shells and electrons 2. Correct charge and labelled	1 1	2
	<b>Total</b>		<b>9</b>

No.	Mark scheme	Mark	
		Sub	Total
3 (a)(i)	<p><i>Able to state the name of the reaction to prepare soap correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answer:</u> Saponification <i>Saponifikasi</i></p>	1	1
(a)(ii)	<p><i>Able to complete the chemical equation correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answer:</u>  <math>\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{COOH} + \text{NaOH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_{16}\text{COONa} + \text{H}_2\text{O}</math></p>	1+1	2
(a)(iii)	<p><i>Able to state two additives that are added to detergent to enhance the effectiveness in the cleansing action correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u>  1. Whitening // <i>Pemutih</i>  2. Biological enzyme // <i>Enzim biologi</i>  [any suitable answer]</p>	1 1	2
(b)(i)	<p><i>Able to state the name of P correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answer:</u> Aspirin</p>	1	1
(b)(ii)	<p><i>Able to name the types of medicine Q and R correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answer:</u>  Q: Antibiotic // <i>Antibiotik</i>  R: Antipsychotic// <i>Antipsikotik</i></p>	1 1	2
(b)(iii)	<p><i>Able to state the medicine and give one effect if the medicine not taken until finish correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answer:</u>  1. Q // Penicillin  2. Bacteria may become more resistant towards the medicine// the medicine no longer effective  1. Q // <i>Penisilin</i>  2. Bakteria menjadi lebih tahan terhadap ubat// <i>ubat tidak lagi berkesan</i></p>	1 1	2
		Total	10

No.	Mark Scheme	Mark	Total Mark
4 (a)(i)	<i>Able to state the homologous series correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> Ester	1	1
(a)(ii)	<i>Able to state one other physical property correctly</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u> Low density // insoluble in water // does not conduct electricity <i>Ketumpatan rendah // tidak larut dalam air // tidak mengkonduksi elektrik</i>	1	1
(a)(iii)	<i>Able to name alcohol and carboxylic acid correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> Alcohol: Propanol Carboxylic acid: Ethanoic acid <i>Asid etanoik</i>	1 1	2
(a)(iv)	<i>Able to write a chemical equation correctly</i> 1. Correct formulae of reactants 2. Correct formulae of products  <u>Answer:</u> $C_3H_7OH + CH_3COOH \rightarrow CH_3COOC_3H_7 + H_2O$	1 1	2
(b)(i)	<i>Able to state the name of alkene correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> 2-methylbut-2-ene 2-metilbut-2-ena	1	1
(b)(ii)	<i>Able to state the correct functional group</i>  <u>Answer:</u> C = C bond // double bond between two carbon atoms <i>Ikatan C = C // ikatan ganda dua antara dua atom karbon</i>	1	1
(b)(iii)	<i>Able to determine the empirical formula correctly</i>  <u>Answer:</u> $CH_2$	1	1

No.	Mark Scheme	Mark	Total Mark
(b)(iv)	<p><i>Able to draw the structural formula of another isomer correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answer:</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <math>\begin{array}{ccccccc} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} \\ &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   \\ \text{H} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{C} = &amp; \text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{H} \\ &amp;   &amp; &amp; &amp;   &amp;   &amp; \\ &amp; \text{H} &amp; &amp; &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \end{array}</math> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <math>\begin{array}{ccccccc} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} \\ &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   \\ \text{H} &amp; -\text{C} = &amp; \text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{H} \\ &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   &amp; \\ &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \end{array}</math> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <math>\begin{array}{ccccc} &amp; \text{H} \\ &amp;   \\ \text{H} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{H} \\ &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   \\ &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} \\ \text{H} &amp; -\text{C} = &amp; \text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{H} \\ &amp;   &amp; &amp; &amp;   &amp; \\ &amp; \text{H} &amp; &amp; &amp; \text{H} &amp; \end{array}</math> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <math>\begin{array}{ccccc} &amp; \text{H} \\ &amp;   \\ \text{H} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{H} \\ &amp;   &amp;   &amp;   \\ &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} &amp; \text{H} \\ \text{H} &amp; -\text{C} = &amp; \text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{C} &amp; -\text{H} \\ &amp;   &amp; &amp; &amp;   &amp; \\ &amp; \text{H} &amp; &amp; &amp; \text{H} &amp; \end{array}</math> </p>		
		Any 1	1
	<b>Total</b>		<b>10</b>

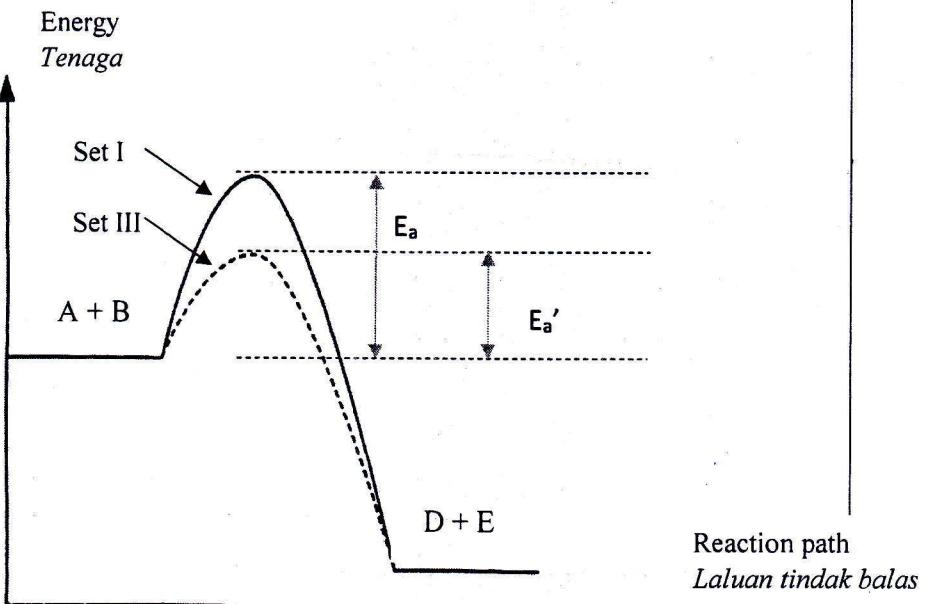
No.	Mark Scheme	Marks	Total marks
5 (a)(i)	<p><i>Able to state the type of reaction correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answer:</u> Precipitation // Double decomposition <i>Pemendakan // Penguraian ganda dua</i></p>	1	1
(a)(ii)	<p><i>Able to state the ion X and ion Y correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answers:</u> Ion X : Pb<sup>2+</sup> Ion Y : Na<sup>+</sup> // K<sup>+</sup> // NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> // Li<sup>+</sup></p>	1 1	2
(a)(iii)	<p><i>Able to write chemical equation correctly</i></p> <p>1. Correct formulae of reactants and products 2. Balanced chemical equation</p> <p><u>Sample answer:</u> <math>X(NO_3)_2 + 2YI \rightarrow XI_2 + 2YNO_3</math></p>	1 1	2
(a)(iv)	<p><i>Able to describe chemical test to verify the presence of anion in X nitrate solution correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add 2 cm<sup>3</sup> dilute sulphuric acid followed by 2 cm<sup>3</sup> iron (II) sulphate solution into a test tube containing X nitrate solution <i>Tambahkan 2 cm<sup>3</sup> asid sulfurik cair ke diikuti dengan larutan ferum(II) sulfat yang mengandungi larutan X nitrat</i></li> <li>Slowly add concentrated sulphuric acid <i>Perlahan-lahan tambahkan asid sulfurik pekat</i></li> <li>Brown ring is formed. <i>Cincin perang terbentuk.</i></li> </ol>	1 1 1	3
(b)(i)	<p><i>Able to give the reason correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Calcium sulphate is insoluble in water // the plaster is waterproof <i>Kalsium sulfat tidak larut di dalam air // supaya plaster kalis air</i></p>	1	1
(b)(ii)	<p><i>Able to calculate the mass of calcium sulphate correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answers:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><u>1. 50 x 0.1 // 0.005 mol</u> 1000</li> <li><u>2. 0.005 x (40+32+16(4)) g // 0.68 g</u></li> </ol>	1 1	2
		<b>Total</b>	11

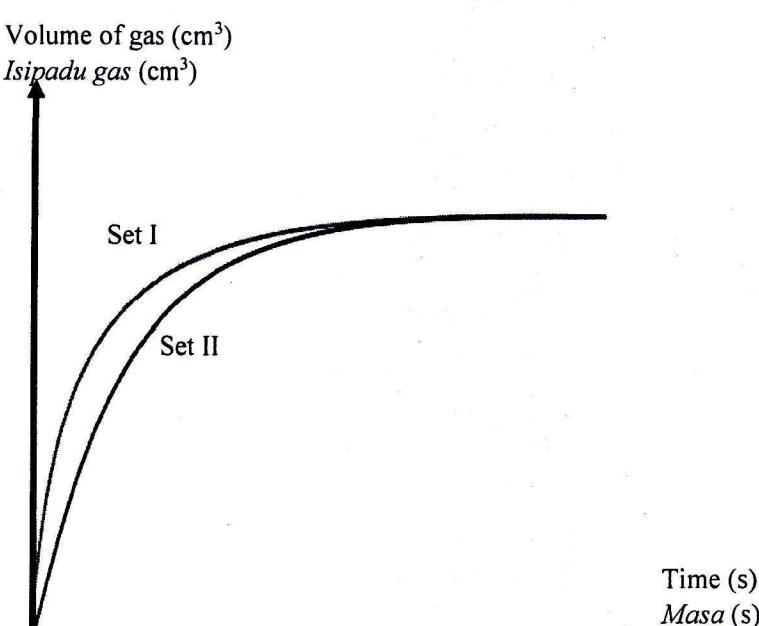
No.	Rubric	Mark	Total mark
6(a)	<p><b>Able to state the meaning of electrolysis correctly</b></p> <p><u>Sample answer:</u> Process of dissociation of an ionic substance in aqueous or molten state / an electrolyte into its constituent elements using electric current <i>Proses penguraian sebatian ion dalam keadaan akueus atau leburan / elektrolit kepada unsur juzuknya menggunakan arus elektrik</i></p>	1	1
(b)	<p><b>Able to state the formulae of all the ions in the electrolyte</b></p> <p><u>Answers:</u> <math>\text{Cu}^{2+}</math>, <math>\text{NO}_3^-</math>, <math>\text{H}^+</math>, <math>\text{OH}^-</math></p>	1	1
(c)	<p><b>Able to draw the arrow to show the direction of electron flow correctly</b></p> <p><u>Sample answer:</u> <u>Note:</u> <i>At least one correct arrow and on the wire</i></p>	1	1
(d)(i)	<p><b>Able to write the half-equation for the reaction that occurred at copper electrode correctly</b></p> <p><u>Answers:</u> Copper electrode : <math>\text{Cu} \rightarrow \text{Cu}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-</math> <i>Elektrod kuprum</i></p>	1	1
(d)(ii)	<p><b>Able to state the process that occurs at copper electrode correctly</b></p> <p><u>Answer:</u> Oxidation <i>Pengoksidaan</i></p>	1	1
(d)(iii)	<p><b>Able to explain based on the change in oxidation number correctly</b></p> <p><u>Sample answer:</u> The oxidation number of copper increases from 0 to +2 <i>Nombor pengoksidaan kuprum bertambah daripada 0 kepada +2</i></p>	1	1

No.	Rubric	Mark	Total mark
(e)	<p><i>Able to draw and label what can be observed at each electrodes in the boxes correctly</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Correct drawing at cathode</li> <li>2. Correct drawing at anode</li> </ol> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p>	1 1	2
(g)	<p><i>Able to draw and label the apparatus set-up for the electroplating process correctly</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Functional diagram</li> <li>2. Correct electrolyte</li> <li>3. Correct electrodes</li> </ol> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p>	1 1 1	3

No.	Mark scheme	Mark													
		Sub	$\Sigma$												
7(a)(i)	<p><i>Able to write the chemical equation correctly</i></p> <p>1. Correct formula of reactants and product 2. Balanced equation</p> <p><u>Answer:</u>  <math display="block">2\text{NH}_3 + \text{CO}_2 \rightarrow (\text{NH}_2)_2\text{CO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}</math></p> <p><i>Able to interpret the equation qualitatively and quantitatively</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <p>3. Ammonia react with carbon dioxide to form urea and water <i>Ammonia bertindak balas dengan karbon dioksida menghasilkan urea dan air</i></p> <p>4. 2 mole of ammonia react with 1 mole of carbon dioxide to form 1 mol of urea and 1 mol of water <i>2 mol ammonia bertindak balas dengan 1 mol karbon dioksida menghasilkan 1 mol urea dan 1 mol air</i></p>	1 1													
(a)(ii)	<p><i>Able to determine the mass of urea correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <p>1. Mole of ammonia = <math>5000/24000 // 5/24 // 0.21 \text{ mol}</math> 2. 2 mole of ammonia will produce 1 mol of urea <math>0.21 \text{ mole ammonia} \rightarrow 0.105 \text{ mole urea}</math></p> <p>3. Mass urea = <math>0.105 \times 60 \text{ g} // = 6.3 \text{ g}</math></p>	1 1 1	3												
(a)(iii)	<p><i>Able to determine the number of atoms in carbon dioxide correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <p>1. 2 mole of <math>\text{NH}_3</math> will react completely with 1 mol of <math>\text{CO}_2 //</math> <math>0.21 \text{ mole ammonia} \rightarrow 0.105 \text{ mole carbon dioxide}</math></p> <p>2. Number of molecule <math>\text{CO}_2 = 0.105 \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} // 6.321 \times 10^{22}</math></p> <p>3. Number of atom = <math>3 \times 6.321 \times 10^{22} // 1.896 \times 10^{23}</math></p>	1 1 1	3												
(b)	<p><i>Able to determine the empirical formula and molecular formula of compound X correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Element</td> <td>C</td> <td>H</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mass / %</td> <td>85.71</td> <td>14.29</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1. Mole</td> <td>7.14</td> <td>14.29</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Simplest ratio</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </table>	Element	C	H	Mass / %	85.71	14.29	1. Mole	7.14	14.29	2. Simplest ratio	1	2	1 1	
Element	C	H													
Mass / %	85.71	14.29													
1. Mole	7.14	14.29													
2. Simplest ratio	1	2													

	3. Empirical formula = CH <sub>2</sub>  n(CH <sub>2</sub> ) = 70  4. n(14) = 70 5. n = 5 6. Molecular formula = C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>10</sub>  7. Structural formula of an isomer	1		
	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} \\   &   &   &   &   \\ \text{H}-\text{C} & -\text{C} & =\text{C}-\text{C} & -\text{C}-\text{H} \\   &   &   &   \\ \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \end{array}$	1		
	8. Pent-2-ene	1		
	9. Structural formula of another isomer	1		
	$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{H} & & & & \\   & & & & \\ \text{H}-\text{C} & -\text{H} & & & \\   & & & & \\ \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & & \\ & & & & \\ \text{H}-\text{C} & =\text{C}-\text{C} & -\text{C}-\text{H} & & \\   & &   & & \\ \text{H} & & \text{H} & & \end{array}$	1		
	10. 2-methylbut-1-ene	1	10	
	<b>Total</b>		<b>20</b>	

No.	Mark scheme	Mark	
		Sub	Total
8(a)	<p><i>Able to label curves for Set I and Set III as in Diagram 8 correctly</i>  <i>Able to show and label the activation energy for Set I as <math>E_a</math> and Set III as <math>E_a'</math> correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answer:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Label curve for Set I</li> <li>2. Label curve for Set III</li> <li>3. Show and label activation energy for Set I //</li> <li>4. Show and label activation energy for Set III //</li> </ol>	1 1 1 1	4
	 <p>Energy Tenaga</p> <p>Set I</p> <p>Set III</p> <p>A + B</p> <p>D + E</p> <p><math>E_a</math></p> <p><math>E_a'</math></p> <p>Reaction path Laluan tindak balas</p>		
(b)	<p><i>Able to write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction correctly</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Correct chemical formulae for both reactants and products</li> </ol> <p><u>Answer:</u></p> $\text{Zn} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{ZnSO}_4 + \text{H}_2$ <p><i>Able to calculate the average rate of reaction for Set I and Set II correctly</i></p> <p><u>Answer:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Set I</li> </ol> <p>Rate of reaction = <math>\frac{40 \text{ cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}}{33}</math> // <math>1.21 \text{ cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}</math></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Set II</li> </ol> <p>Rate of reaction = <math>\frac{40 \text{ cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}}{45}</math> // <math>0.89 \text{ cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}</math></p>	1 1 1	

No.	Mark scheme	Mark	
		Sub	Total
	<p><i>Able to sketch graph for Set I and Set II correctly</i></p> <p>4. Label of both axes        5. Curve on graph        6. Label Set I and Set II</p> <p><u>Answer:</u></p> 	1 1 1	6
(c)	<p><i>Able to compare the rate of reaction and explain by using the collision theory correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <p><u>Set I and Set II</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Rate of reaction for Set I is higher <i>Kadar tindak balas bagi Set I lebih tinggi</i></li> <li>2. Size of zinc used in Set I is smaller <i>Saiz zink yang digunakan dalam Set I lebih kecil</i></li> <li>3. Greater total surface area exposed <i>Jumlah luas permukaan terdedah lebih besar</i></li> <li>4. Frequency of collision between H<sup>+</sup> and Zn atom in Set I is higher <i>Frekuensi perlanggaran antara H<sup>+</sup> dan atom Zn dalam Set I lebih tinggi</i></li> <li>5. Frequency of effective collision between particles in Set I is higher <i>Frekuensi perlanggaran berkesan antara zarah dalam Set I lebih tinggi</i></li> </ol>	1 1 1 1 1	

No.	Mark scheme	Mark	
		Sub	Total
	<p><u>Set I and Set III</u></p> <p>6. Rate of reaction for Set III is higher  <i>Kadar tindak balas bagi Set III lebih tinggi</i></p> <p>7. Present of catalyst in Set III  <i>Mungkin hadir dalam Set III</i></p> <p>8. Provide alternative pathway with lower activation energy  <i>Menyediakan laluan alternatif dengan tenaga pengaktifan yang lebih rendah</i></p> <p>9. More colliding particles able to achieve the activation energy//  <i>Lebih banyak zarah berlanggar dapat mencapai tenaga pengaktifan</i></p> <p>10. Frequency of effective collision between H<sup>+</sup> and Zn atom in Set III is higher//  <i>Frekuensi perlanggaran berkesan antara zarah dalam Set III lebih tinggi</i></p>	1 1 1 1 1	10
		<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>

No.	Mark scheme	Mark	Total Mark
9(a)(i)	<p><b>Able to suggest alkali A and alkali B correctly</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Correct alkali A</li> <li>Correct alkali B</li> </ol> <p><b>Sample answers:</b>            Alkali A: Ammonia solution // aqueous // <math>\text{NH}_3</math> solution / aqueous  <i>Larutan/akueus ammonial//Larutan/akueus <math>\text{NH}_3</math></i>            Alkali B: Sodium hydroxide solution // potassium hydroxide solution // NaOH solution // KOH solution  <i>Larutan natrium hidroksida//kalium hidroksida//NaOH/ KOH</i></p>	1 1	2
(a)(ii)	<p><b>Able to explain the difference in pH value of alkali A and alkali B correctly</b></p> <p><b>Sample answers:</b>  [Based on (a)(i)]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alkali A is a weak alkali // ionises partially in water.  <i>Alkali A ialah alkali lemah // mengion separa dalam air</i></li> <li>Alkali B is a strong alkali // ionises completely in water.  <i>Alkali B ialah alkali kuat // mengion sepenuhnya dalam air</i></li> <li>The concentration of hydroxide ion of Alkali B is higher.  <i>Kepekatan ion hidroksida dalam Alkali B lebih tinggi</i></li> <li>Thus, the pH value of Alkali B is higher.  <i>Maka, nilai pH Alkali B lebih tinggi</i></li> </ol>	1 1 1 1	4
(a)(iii)	<p><b>Able to write balanced chemical equation for the reaction correctly</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Correct formula of reactants and products</li> <li>Balanced equation</li> </ol> <p><b>Answer:</b></p> $2\text{NH}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow (\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4 //$ $2\text{NH}_4\text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow (\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ <p><b>Able to describe a chemical test to verify the cation of the product</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Correct reagent used</li> <li>Correct observation</li> </ol> <p><b>Sample answers:</b>  [Based on (a)(i)]</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add Nessler reagent into the test tube containing the cation.  <i>Tambah reagen Nessler ke dalam tabung uji yang mengandungi kation tersebut</i></li> <li>Brown precipitate is formed.  <i>Pembentukan mendakan perang terbentuk</i></li> </ol>	1 1	4

No.	Mark scheme	Mark	Total Mark
(b)	<p><i>Able to describe the preparation of solution with calculation correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Number of moles of solid X needed  <math>n = \underline{1.0} (250) // 0.25 \text{ mol}</math>            1000</li> <li>Mass of solid KOH needed  <math>0.25 \times 160 \text{ g} // 40 \text{ g}</math></li> <li>Weigh 40 g of solid X in a beaker.  <i>Timbang 40 g pepejal X di dalam bikar.</i></li> <li>Add distilled water into the beaker.  <i>Tambah air suling ke dalam bikar.</i></li> <li>Stir with glass rod.  <i>Kacau dengan rod kaca.</i></li> <li>Pour the solution into a 250 cm<sup>3</sup> volumetric flask.  <i>Tuang larutan ke dalam kelalang volumetrik</i></li> <li>Rinse the apparatus a few times and pour into the volumetric flask.  <i>Bilas radas beberapa kali dan tuang ke dalam kelalang volumetrik.</i></li> <li>Add distilled water until it reaches the calibration mark.  <i>Tambah air suling sehingga mencapai aras penentu ukur.</i></li> <li>Close the flask.  <i>Tutup kelalang.</i></li> <li>Shake the flask.  <i>Goncang kelalang.</i></li> </ol>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10
		Total	20

No.	Mark Scheme	Mark	Total mark
10(a)(i)	<p><b>Able to state example of acid X and Y correctly</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Correct acid X</li> <li>2. Correct acid Y</li> </ol> <p><b>Sample answers:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Hydrochloric acid/ nitric acid /HCl/HNO<sub>3</sub> <i>Asid hidroklorik / asid nitrik /HCl/HNO<sub>3</sub></i></li> <li>2. Ethanoic acid <i>Asid etanoik</i></li> </ol>	1 1	2
(a)(ii)	<p><b>Able to explain the difference in heat of neutralization in experiment I and II correctly</b></p> <p><b>Sample answers:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Heat of neutralization in reaction I is higher than reaction II. <i>Haba peneutralan di tindak balas I lebih tinggi daripada tindak balas II.</i></li> <li>2. Acid X is strong acid while acid Y is weak acid// Acid X ionises completely in water while acid Y ionises partially in water. <i>Asid X adalah asid kuat manakala asid Y adalah asid lemah.</i> <i>Asid X mengion lengkap dalam air manakala asid Y mengion separa dalam air.</i></li> <li>3. Acid X produces higher concentration of hydrogen ions <i>Asid X menghasilkan kepekatan ion hidrogen yang lebih tinggi</i></li> <li>4. Some of heat released is absorbed to complete the ionization of acid Y <i>Sebahagian haba yang dibebaskan diserap bagi melengkapkan pengionan asid Y.</i></li> </ol>	1 1 1 1	4
(a)(iii)	<p><b>Able to predict the heat released during the reaction and explain the answer correctly</b></p> <p><b>Sample answers:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Heat released from reaction with sulphuric acid is double <i>Haba yang dibebaskan daripada tindak balas dengan asid sulfurik adalah dua kali ganda</i></li> <li>2. Acid X is monoprotic acid while sulphuric acid is diprotic acid <i>Asid X adalah asid monobes manakala asid sulfurik adalah asid dwibes</i></li> </ol>	1 1	

No.	Mark Scheme	Mark	Total mark
	<p>3. Sulphuric acid produces double concentration of hydrogen ions  <i>Asid sulfurik menghasilkan kepekatan ion hidrogen sebanyak dua kali ganda</i></p> <p>4. Sulphuric acid produces double mol of water  <i>Asid sulfurik menghasilkan dua mol air</i></p>	1 1	4
(b)	<p><b>Able to name metal Z correctly</b></p> <p>1. Correct name for metal Z.</p> <p><b>Sample answers:</b></p> <p>1. Magnesium / zinc / aluminium  <i>Magnesium / zink / aluminium</i></p> <p><b>Able to describe one experiment to determine the heat of reaction correctly</b></p> <p>2. Apparatus : polystyrene cup, spatula, thermometer  <i>Radas : cawan polistrena, spatula, thermometer</i>  Materials: [metal Z], copper(II) sulphate solution  <i>Bahan: [logam Z], larutan kuprum(II) sulfat</i></p> <p>Procedure:</p> <p>3. Measure 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of 1.0 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> copper(II) sulphate solution  <i>Ukur 50 cm<sup>3</sup> larutan kuprum(II) sulfat 1.0 mol dm<sup>-3</sup></i></p> <p>4. Pour into polystyrene cup.  <i>Tuangkan ke dalam cawan polistirena.</i></p> <p>5. Measure and record initial temperature of the solution.  <i>Ukur dan catatkan suhu awal larutan.</i></p> <p>6. Add quickly one spatula of magnesium powder.  <i>Tambahkan dengan cepat satu spatula serbuk magnesium.</i></p> <p>7. Stir the mixture with thermometer.  <i>Kacau campuran dengan termometer.</i></p> <p>8. Record highest temperature of mixture.  <i>Catat suhu tertinggi campuran.</i></p>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

No.	Mark Scheme	Mark	Total mark
9.	<p>Results:  <i>Keputusan:</i></p> <p>Initial temperature of solution = <math>T_1</math> °C  <i>Suhu awal larutan</i></p> <p>Highest mixture of mixture = <math>T_2</math> °C  <i>Suhu tertinggi campuran</i></p> <p>Increase in temperature = <math>(T_2 - T_1)</math> °C = <math>T_3</math> °C  <i>Kenaikan suhu</i></p> <p>Calculation:  <i>Pengiraan:</i></p> $10. H = mc\theta$ $= 50 \times 4.2 \times (T_3)$ $= X \text{ kJ}$	1	
11.	Number mole = $(50 \times 1) / 1000 = 0.05 \text{ mol}$	1	
12.	$\Delta H = H/\text{mol} = -(X/0.05) \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$	1	
		Total	20

**CHEMISTRY KERTAS 3**

Question	Rubric	Score						
1(a)	<p><i>Able to record all the readings of the thermometer correctly</i></p> <p><i>Criteria :</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. one decimal point</li> <li>2. unit.</li> </ol> <p><u>Answers:</u></p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>I</td> <td>30.0 °C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>II</td> <td>35.0 °C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>III</td> <td>40.0 °C</td> </tr> </table>	I	30.0 °C	II	35.0 °C	III	40.0 °C	3
I	30.0 °C							
II	35.0 °C							
III	40.0 °C							
<p><i>Able to record all the readings of the thermometer</i></p> <p><i>Criteria :</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. one decimal point and one of the readings without unit or</li> <li>2. unit and one of the readings without one decimal point</li> </ol>	2							
<p><i>Able to record all the readings of the thermometer</i></p> <p><i>Criteria : without one decimal point and units</i></p>	1							
No response or wrong response	0							

Question	Rubric	Score								
1(b)	<p><i>Able to construct a table correctly</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Headings with units</li> <li>2. Correct values and consistent</li> </ol> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Temperature(°C) <i>Suhu</i></th> <th>Time(s) <i>Masa</i></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>30.0</td> <td>45.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>35.0</td> <td>30.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>40.0</td> <td>17.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Temperature(°C) <i>Suhu</i>	Time(s) <i>Masa</i>	30.0	45.0	35.0	30.0	40.0	17.0	3
Temperature(°C) <i>Suhu</i>	Time(s) <i>Masa</i>									
30.0	45.0									
35.0	30.0									
40.0	17.0									
<p><i>Able to construct a table</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Headings without units</li> <li>2. Correct values and consistent or</li> </ol>	2									
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Headings with units</li> <li>2. Correct values and not consistent</li> </ol>										
<p><i>Able to construct a table</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Headings without units</li> <li>2. Values not consistent</li> </ol>	1									
	No response or wrong response	0								

Question	Rubric	Score
1(c)	<p><i>Able to state the relationship correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answer:</u> Temperature of gas/water bath increases, the rate of diffusion increases // Temperature of gas/water bath increases, time taken for gas diffused increases <i>Suhu gas / kukus air meningkat, kadar resapan meningkat // Suhu gas / kukus air meningkat, masa diambil untuk gas meresap meningkat</i></p>	3
	<p><i>Able to state the relationship</i></p> <p><u>Sample answer:</u> Temperature increases, the rate of diffusion increases <i>Suhu meningkat, kadar resapan meningkat</i></p>	2
	<p><i>Able to give an idea</i></p> <p><u>Sample answer:</u> Temperature affect time <i>Suhu mempengaruhi masa</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
1(d)	<p><i>Able to state all the variables correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> MV: Temperature of gas / water bath. <i>Suhu gas /kukus air</i> RV: Rate of diffusion.// Time taken for gas diffused <i>Kadar resapan // Masa diambil untuk gas meresap</i> FV: Type of gas.// Size of gas jar <i>Jenis gas.// Saiz balang gas</i></p>	3
	<i>Able to state any two variables correctly</i>	2
	<i>Able to state <u>any one</u> variable correctly or Have idea to state all variables</i>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
1(e)	<p><i>Able to state the hypothesis correctly</i>  <b>Criteria : 1. MV followed by RV</b>  <b>2. Direction</b>  <u>Sample answer:</u>  Temperature of gas/water bath increases, rate of diffusion increases.  <i>Suhu gas / kukus air meningkat, kadar resapan meningkat</i></p>	3
	<p><i>Able to state the hypothesis</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u>  Temperature increases , rate of diffusion increases.//  <i>Suhu meningkat, kadar resapan meningkat</i></p>	2
	<p><i>Able to state the idea of hypothesis</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u>  Temperature affect time.//  <i>Suhu mempengaruhi masa</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
1(f)(i)	<p><i>Able to state the observations correctly</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u>  Brown gas diffuses/moves/spreads/fills in gas jar faster at higher temperature  <i>Gas meresap/bergerak/merebak/mengisi dalam balang gas lebih cepat pada suhu lebih tinggi</i></p>	3
	<p><i>Able to state the observations</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u>  Gas diffuses fast  <i>Gas meresap cepat</i></p>	2
	<p><i>Able to state the idea of observations</i>  <u>Sample answer:</u>  Gas diffuses  <i>Gas meresap</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
1(f)(ii)	<p><i>Able to state the inference correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Gas molecules absorb more energy/heat//Kinetic energy of gas molecules increases <i>Molekul gas menyerap lebih tenaga/haba//Tenaga kinetik molekul gas meningkat.</i></p>	3
	<p><i>Able to state the inference</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Gas absorb energy.// <i>Gas menyerap tenaga.</i></p>	2
	<p><i>Have idea to state inference</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> High temperature <i>Suhu tinggi</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
1(g)	<p><i>Able to state the prediction of the rate of diffusion and give a reason correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Rate of diffusion lower.Kinetic energy of gas molecules/particles lower .// <i>Kadar resapan lebih rendah.Tenaga kinetik molekul/zarah gas lebih rendah.</i></p>	3
	<p><i>Able to state the prediction of the rate of diffusion</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Rate of diffusion lower <i>Kadar resapan lebih rendah.</i></p>	2
	<p><i>Have idea to predict the rate of diffusion</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Rate of diffusion differ <i>Kadar resapan berlainan.</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
1(h)	<p><i>Able to state the operational definition of the rate of diffusion correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> More heat supplied to water bath, the brown gas move faster <i>Lebih banyak haba dibekalkan kepada kukus air, gas perang bergerak lebih cepat.</i></p>	3
	<p><i>Able to state the operational definition of the rate of diffusion</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> More heat supplied to water bath //Brown gas moves faster <i>Lebih haba dibekalkan kepada kukus air//Gas perang bergerak lebih cepat</i></p>	2
	<p><i>Have idea to state the operational definition</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Temperature of gas is high//Gas move fast <i>Suhu gas tinggi/gas bergerak cepat.</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
1(i)	<p><i>Able to compare the rate of diffusion and state a reason correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Situation X. Particles in water move slower//Diffusion in liquid is slower <i>Situasi X. Zarah-zarah dalam air bergerak lebih perlahan.//Resapan dalam cecair lebih perlahan</i></p>	3
	<p><i>Able to compare the rate of diffusion correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u> Situation X. Diffusion in liquid is slow <i>Situasi X. Resapan dalam cecair perlahan.</i></p>	2
	<p><i>Have idea to state rate of diffusion</i></p> <p><u>Sample answer</u> Situation X <i>Situasi X</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric		Score
	<i>Able to classify all the atoms and molecules correctly</i> <u>Sample answers:</u>		
1(j)	Atom <i>Atom</i>	Molecule <i>Molekul</i>	
	Neon <i>Neon</i>	Bromine <i>Bromin</i>	
	Iron <i>Besi</i>	Water <i>Air</i>	
	Mercury <i>Raksa</i>	Alcohol <i>Alkohol</i>	
	<i>Able to classify 4 substances into atom and molecule correctly</i>		2
<i>Able to classify 2 substances into atom and molecule correctly</i>		1	
<i>No response or wrong response</i>		0	

Question	Rubric	Score
	<i>Able to state the problem statement of the experiment correctly</i> <u>Sample answer:</u> How does the position of carbon in the reactivity series of metals can be determined? <i>Bagaimanakah kedudukan karbon dalam siri kereaktifan logam dapat ditentukan?</i>	3
2(a)	<i>Able to state the problem statement of the experiment</i> <u>Sample answer:</u> How does the position of carbon can be determined? <i>Bagaimanakah kedudukan karbon ditentukan?</i>	2
	<i>Able to give an idea of the problem statement</i> <u>Sample answer:</u> Determine position of carbon <i>Menentukan kedudukan karbon</i>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
2(b)	<p><i>Able to state all the variables correctly.</i></p> <p><u>Sample answer</u></p> <p><b>Manipulated variable :</b> Types of metal oxides <i>Jenis oksida logam</i> [Accept any two suitable metal oxides]</p> <p><b>Responding variable :</b> Reaction occurs// Physical change in mixture <i>Tindak balas berlaku //Perubahan fizikal pada campuran.</i></p> <p><b>Fixed variable :</b> Carbon <i>Karbon</i></p>	3
	<i>Able to state <u>any two</u> variables correctly</i>	2
	<i>Able to state <u>any one</u> variable correctly or Have idea to state all variables</i>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
2(c)	<p><i>Able to state a relationship between the <u>MV</u> follow by <u>RV</u> with direction correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answer</u></p> <p>Iron oxide can react with carbon while aluminium oxide cannot react with carbon <i>Ferum oksida bertindak balas dengan karbon manakala aluminium oksida tidak bertindak balas dengan karbon</i></p>	3
	<i>Able to state a relationship between the <u>MV</u> and <u>RV</u></i>	
	<p><u>Sample answer</u></p> <p>Iron oxide can react with carbon // Aluminium oxide cannot react with carbon <i>Ferum oksida bertindak balas dengan karbon // Aluminium oksida tidak bertindak balas dengan karbon</i></p>	2
	<i>Able to give an idea of the hypothesis</i>	
	<p><u>Sample answer</u></p> <p>Metal reactive/not reactive <i>Logam reaktif/tidak reaktif</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
	<p><i>Able to give complete list of substances and apparatus</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <p>3 substances : Carbon, aluminium oxide, iron oxide  <i>Karbon, aluminium oksida, ferum oksida</i></p> <p>5 apparatus : Crucible, tripod stand, Bunsen burner, pipe clay triangle, spatula.//  <i>Mangkuk pijar, tungku kaki tiga, penunu Bunsen, segi tiga tanah liat ,spatula</i></p> <p>[can refer to labelled diagram or procedure but only 1 substance and 2 apparatus]</p>	
2(d)	<p><i>Able to give 2 substances &amp; 4 apparatus</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <p>2 substances : Carbon, iron oxide  <i>Karbon, ferum oksida</i></p> <p>4 apparatus : Crucible, tripod stand, Bunsen burner, pipe clay triangle  <i>Mangkuk pijar, tungku kaki tiga, penunu Bunsen, segi tiga tanah liat</i></p> <p>[can refer to labelled diagram or procedure but only 1 substance and 1 apparatus]</p>	2
	<p><i>Able to give 2 substances &amp; 2 apparatus</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <p>2 substances: Carbon, iron oxide.  <i>Karbon, ferum oksida,</i></p> <p>2 apparatus: [Any suitable container], Bunsen burner  <i>[Sebarang bekas yang sesuai], penunu Bunsen</i></p>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score
2(e)	<p><i>Able to list all the steps correctly</i></p> <p><u>Sample answers:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mix one spatula of carbon with one spatula of aluminium oxide in a crucible  <i>Campurkan satu spatula karbon dan satu spatula aluminium oksida di dalam mangkuk pijar.</i></li> <li>2. Heat the mixture strongly.  <i>Panaskan campuran dengan kuat.</i></li> <li>3. Record the observation  <i>Catat pemerhatian.</i></li> <li>4. Repeat the steps above using iron oxide to replace aluminium oxide  <i>Ulang langkah-langkah atas dengan menggunakan ferum oksida untuk menggantikan aluminium oksida</i></li> </ol>	3
	<i>Able to list steps 1,2,3 or 1,2,4</i>	2
	<i>Able to give steps 1 and 2</i>	1
	<i>No response or wrong response</i>	0

Question	Rubric	Score												
	<p><i>Able to construct a table with the following aspects:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Correct headings</li> <li>2. Complete list of manipulated variables</li> </ol> <p><u>Sample answer:</u></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Mixture <i>Campuran</i></th><th>Observation <i>Pemerhatian</i></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Aluminium oxide + carbon <i>Aluminium oksida + karbon</i></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Iron oxide + carbon <i>Ferum oksida + karbon</i></td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">//</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Metal oxide <i>Oksida logam</i></th><th>Observation <i>Pemerhatian</i></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Aluminium oxide <i>Aluminium oksida</i></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Iron oxide <i>Ferum oksida</i></td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Mixture <i>Campuran</i>	Observation <i>Pemerhatian</i>	Aluminium oxide + carbon <i>Aluminium oksida + karbon</i>		Iron oxide + carbon <i>Ferum oksida + karbon</i>		Metal oxide <i>Oksida logam</i>	Observation <i>Pemerhatian</i>	Aluminium oxide <i>Aluminium oksida</i>		Iron oxide <i>Ferum oksida</i>		
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Aluminium oxide <i>Aluminium oksida</i>														
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2(f)		2												
	<p><i>Able to construct a table with the following aspects:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. one of the suitable headings</li> <li>2. one name of the compound</li> </ol> <p><u>Sample answer:</u></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Metal oxide <i>Oksida logam</i></th><td></td></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Aluminium oxide <i>Aluminium oksida</i></td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Metal oxide <i>Oksida logam</i>		Aluminium oxide <i>Aluminium oksida</i>		1								
Metal oxide <i>Oksida logam</i>														
Aluminium oxide <i>Aluminium oksida</i>														
	<i>No response or wrong response or empty table</i>	0												

**END OF MARKING SCHEME**  
<https://cikguadura.wordpress.com/>